SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report: May 15, 2003 (Date of earliest event reported)

HEIDRICK & STRUGGLES INTERNATIONAL, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in the charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 000-25837 (Commission File No.) 36-2681268 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

233 South Wacker Drive, Suite 4200 Chicago, Illinois 60606-6303 (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

312-496-1200 (Registrant's telephone number including area code)

n/a

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Item 7. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(c) Exhibits.

Exhibit Number Description

99.1 Heidrick & Struggles International, Inc.

May 2003 Investor Relations Presentation

Item 9. Regulation FD Disclosure

Additional information of the registrant is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this report and is incorporated herein by reference. The registrant undertakes no obligation to update this information including any forward-looking statements, to reflect subsequently occurring events or circumstances.

NOTE: The information in this report (including the exhibit) is furnished pursuant to Item 9 and shall not be deemed to be "filed" for the purpose of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section. The inclusion of the information contained herein will not be deemed an admission as to the materiality of any of this information.

SIGNATURE

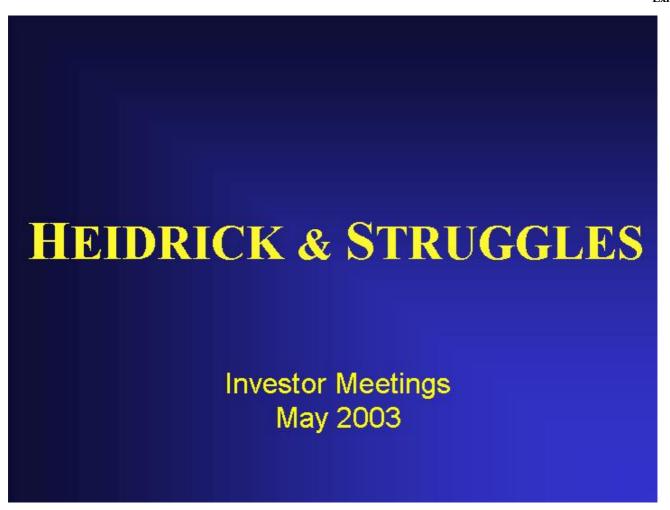
Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

HEIDRICK & STRUGGLES INTERNATIONAL, INC.

/s/ Fritz E. Freidinger

Fritz E. Freidinger, Secretary

Dated: May 14, 2003



HEIDRICK & STRUGGLES

Investor Meetings May 2003

Safe Harbor Statement

This presentation contains forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections about the industry in which we operate and management's beliefs and assumptions. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed, forecasted or implied in the forward-looking statements. Factors that may affect the outcome of the forwardlooking statements include, among other things, our ability to attract and retain qualified executive search consultants; further deterioration of the economies in the United States, Europe, or elsewhere; social or political instability in markets where we operate; price competition; an inability to achieve the planned cost savings from our cost-reduction initiatives; an inability to sublease or assign unused office space; our ability to generate profits in order to ensure that our deferred tax assets are realizable; and delays in the development and/or implementation of new technology and systems. We undertake no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Safe Harbor Statement

This presentation contains forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections about the industry in which we operate and management's beliefs and assumptions. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed, forecasted or implied in the forward-looking statements. Factors that may affect the outcome of the forward-looking statements include, among other things, our ability to attract and retain qualified executive search consultants; further deterioration of the economies in the United States, Europe, or elsewhere; social or political instability in markets where we operate; price competition; an inability to achieve the planned cost savings from our cost-reduction initiatives; an inability to sublease or assign unused office space; our ability to generate profits in order to ensure that our deferred tax assets are realizable; and delays in the development and/or implementation of new technology and systems. We undertake no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Heidrick & Struggles

- World's premiere executive search and leadership consulting firm
 - Executive Search
 - Leadership Services
 - · Executive assessment and coaching
 - · Interim executive placement
- Global network of approximately 330 consultants working from 52 offices in principal cities of the world

Heidrick & Struggles

- World's premiere executive search and leadership consulting firm
 - Executive Search
 - Leadership Services
 - Executive assessment and coaching
 - Interim executive placement
- Global network of approximately 330 consultants working from 52 offices in principal cities of the world

Global Presence North America Europe Greenwich San Francisco Helsinki Atlanta Amsterdam Paris Boston Houston Toronto Barcelona Istanbul* Rome Chicago Los Angeles Tyson's Corner Berlin Johannesburg* Stockholm Cleveland Menlo Park Wall Street (NY) Brussels Lisbon Vienna Dallas New York Copenhagen London Warsaw Zurich Denver Philadelphia Dusseldorf Madrid Milan Frankfurt Hamburg Munich Latin America Asia Pacific Mexico City Beijing Bogota* Shanghai Singapore Buenos Aires Miami Hong Kong Caracas* Melbourne Santiago Sydney Lima* Sao Paulo Mumbai Taipei New Delhi Tokyo Seoul * Affiliate relationship

Global Presence

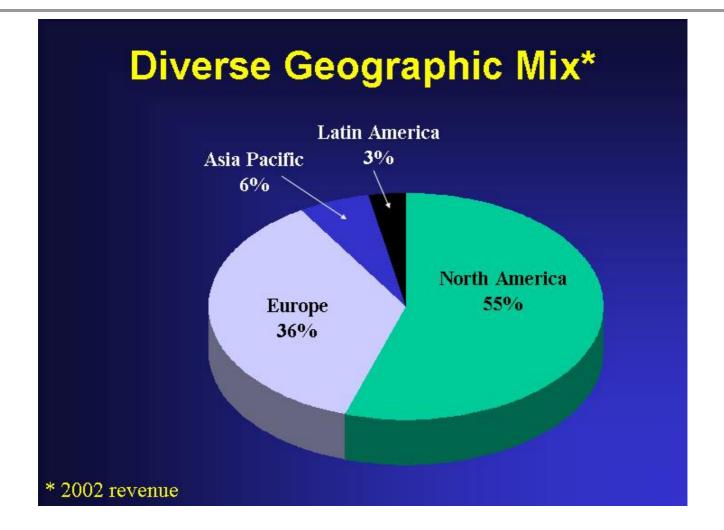
Europe

	1 voi tii 7 tiiici ic	u		Lurope	
Atlanta	Greenwich	San Francisco	Amsterdam	Helsinki	Paris
Boston	Houston	Toronto	Barcelona	Istanbul*	Rome
Chicago	Los Angeles	Tyson's Corner	Berlin	Johannesburg*	Stockholm
Cleveland	Menlo Park	Wall Street (NY)	Brussels	Lisbon	Vienna
Dallas	New York		Copenhagen	London	Warsaw
Denver	Philadelphia		Dusseldorf	Madrid	Zurich
			Frankfurt	Milan	
			Hamburg	Munich	

Latin America Asia Pacific

North America

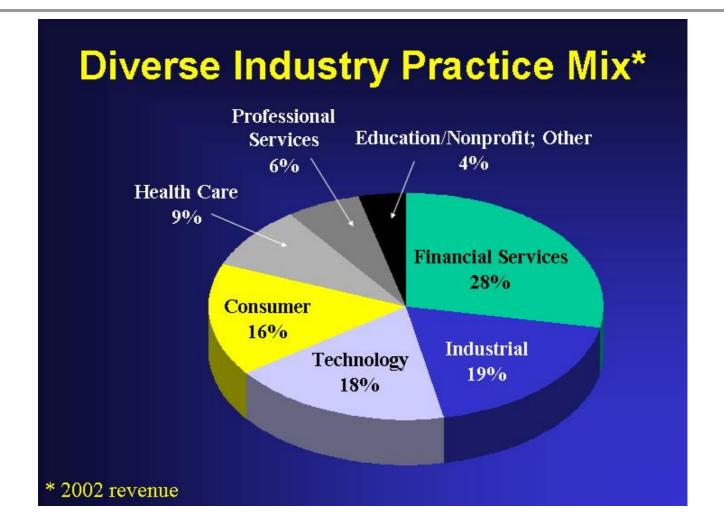
Bogota*	Mexico City	Beijing	Shanghai
Buenos Aires	Miami	Hong Kong	Singapore
Caracas*	Santiago	Melbourne	Sydney
Lima*	Sao Paulo	Mumbai	Taipei
		New Delhi	Tokyo
* Affiliate relationshi	p	Seoul	



Diverse Geographic Mix*

Asia Pacific	6%
Latin America	3%
North America	55%
Europe	36%

^{* 2002} revenue



Diverse Industry Practice Mix*

Health Care	9%
Professional Services	6%
Education/Nonprofit; Other	4%
Financial Services	28%
Industrial	19%
Technology	18%
Consumer	16%

^{* 2002} revenue

Representative Clients

Financial Services

- Allianz
- · Bank of America
- Citadel Investment Group
- Deutsche Bank
- JPMorgan

Technology

- Dell
- PeopleSoft
- · Polycom
- SAP
- Symantee

Industrial

- BMW
- Ford
- Siemens

Consumer

- Chanel
- · Coca-Cola
- · Groupe Danone
- · Home Depot
- · J.C. Penney
- · Levi's
- · PepsiCo
- · Toys "R" Us

Health Care

- AdvancePCS
- Aventis
 Pharmaceuticals
- · Bristol-Myers Squibb
- Henry Ford Health System
- Merck

Professional Services

- · Baker & McKenzie
- Cap Gemini Ernst & Young
- EDS
- · PricewaterhouseCoopers
- Unisys

Education/Nonprofit

- National Geographic Society
- Rockefeller University
- American Museum of Natural History

Representative Clients

Financial Services

- Allianz
- Bank of America
- Citadel Investment Group
- Deutsche Bank
- JPMorgan

Technology

- Dell
- PeopleSoft
- Polycom
- SAP
- Symantec

Industrial

- BMWFord
- Siemens

Consumer

- Chanel
- Coca-Cola
- Groupe Danone
- Home Depot
- J.C. Penney
- Levi's
- PepsiCo
- · Toys "R" Us

Health Care

- AdvancePCS
- · Aventis Pharmaceuticals
- · Bristol-Myers Squibb
- Henry Ford Health System
- Merck

Professional Services

- Baker & McKenzie
- Cap Gemini Ernst & Young
- FDS
- PricewaterhouseCoopers
- Unisys

Education/Nonprofit

- National Geographic Society
- Rockefeller University
- American Museum of Natural History

World's Largest Search Firms

	<u>Firm</u>	2002 Revenue
•	Heidrick & Struggles	\$ 350.7 M
٠	Korn/Ferry	338.3 M
٠	Spencer Stuart	269.4 M
•	Egon Zehnder	264.9 M
•	Russell Reynolds	196.1 M
٠	Ray & Berndtson	103.1 M
٠	Amrop Hever Group	102.5 M
٠	Whitehead Mann	94.0 M
•	Hudson Highland Group	66.1 M
•	L.L.C. Partners	50.2 M

Source: Kennedy Information

World's Largest Search Firms

Firm	ı	2002 Revenue
	<u> </u>	
•	Heidrick & Struggles	\$ 350.7M
•	Korn/Ferry	338.3 M
•	Spencer Stuart	269.4 M
•	Egon Zehnder	264.9 M
•	Russell Reynolds	196.1 M
•	Ray & Berndtson	103.1 M
•	Amrop Hever Group	102.5 M
•	Whitehead Mann	94.0 M
•	Hudson Highland Group	66.1 M
•	L.L.C. Partners	50.2 M

Source: Kennedy Information

Our Mission

We help our clients build the best leadership teams in the world

Our Mission

We help our clients build the best leadership teams in the world

Focus on Top-Level Services

- Board, CEO and other senior-level searches generate the majority of our revenue
- Advantages of top-level searches
 - Provides access and influence with decision makers
 - Strengthens the Heidrick & Struggles brand
 - Generates higher fees per search
 - Establishes barriers to entry
 - Attracts and retains high-caliber consultants
 - Increases probability of downstream work

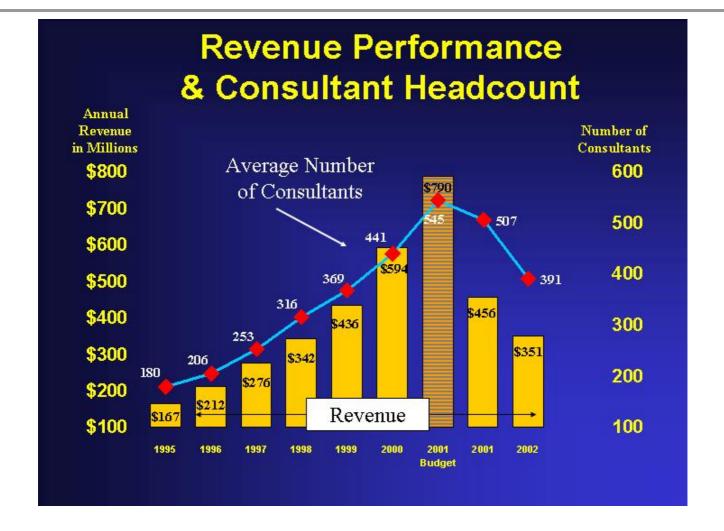
Focus on Top-Level Services

- · Board, CEO and other senior-level searches generate the majority of our revenue
- · Advantages of top-level searches
 - Provides access and influence with decision makers
 - Strengthens the Heidrick & Struggles brand
 - Generates higher fees per search
 - Establishes barriers to entry
 - Attracts and retains high-caliber consultants
 - Increases probability of downstream work

Representative CEO/Board Searches in 2002-2003



Representative CEO/Board Searches in 2002-2003



Revenue Performance & Consultant Headcount

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001 Budget	2001	2002
Annual Revenue in Millions	\$ 167	\$ 212	\$ 276	\$ 342	\$ 436	\$ 594	\$ 545	\$ 456	\$ 351
Average Number of Consultants	180	206	253	316	369	441	790	507	391

Realigned Cost Structure

- Reduced costs by over \$200 million
 - Reduced workforce by 40%
 - Eliminated excess real estate, bringing the number of offices down from a high of 80 in 2001 to 52 today
 - Reduced management roles by 30%
 - Implemented centralized purchasing programs

Realigned Cost Structure

- Reduced costs by over \$200 million
 - Reduced workforce by 40%
 - Eliminated excess real estate, bringing the number of offices down from a high of 80 in 2001 to 52 today
 - Reduced management roles by 30%
 - Implemented centralized purchasing programs

2002 Accomplishments

- Achieved marginal profitability on a pro forma basis despite a \$100 million decrease in revenue
- Ended 2002 with more cash than we had at the end of 2001
- Improved the payout rate of consultants' performance-based compensation to aid retention
- Invested in some important initiatives
 - Leadership Services
- Quality Programs
- China Joint Venture
- Hiring of 30 Consultants
- Key Account Management training

2002 Accomplishments

- Achieved marginal profitability on a pro forma basis despite a \$100 million decrease in revenue
- Ended 2002 with more cash than we had at the end of 2001
- · Improved the payout rate of consultants' performance-based compensation to aid retention
- Invested in some important initiatives

Leadership Services

- Quality Programs

China Joint Venture

- Hiring of 30 Consultants

Key Account Managementtraining

Dollars in millions, except	per share data)		
Twelve Months Ended	Dec. 31, 2002	Dec. 31, 2001	YOY Change
Net Revenue	\$350.7	\$455.5	\$(104.8)
Net Income (Loss)*	\$ 0.9	\$ (1.0)	\$ 1.9
Per Share*	\$ 0.05	\$ (0.05)	\$ 0.10
First Quarter Ended	Mar. 31, 2003	Mar. 31, 2002	YOY Change
Net Revenue	\$77.3	\$91.7	\$(14.4)
Net Income (Loss)*	\$ 0.1	\$ (2.8)	\$ 2.9
Per Share*	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.15)	\$ 0.16

Financial Results*

(Dollars in millions, except per share data)

Twelve Months Ended	Dec. 31, 2)02 I	Dec. 31, 2001	YO	Change
Net Revenue	\$ 35	0.7 \$	455.5	\$	(104.8)
Net Income (Loss)*	\$	0.9 \$	(1.0)	\$	1.9
Per Share*	\$ 0	.05 \$	(0.05)	\$	0.10
Flori Occasion Foods d	Mar. 31, 2	003 1	far. 31, 2002	YO	Change
First Quarter Ended	Widi. 31, 2	1000	1011 51, 2002		U
First Quarter Ended	Widi. 31, 2				
Net Revenue	<u></u>	7.3 \$		\$	(14.4)
	\$ 7				
Net Revenue	\$ 7 \$	7.3 \$	91.7	\$	(14.4)

^{*} Pro forma results exclude special charges primarily for severance and office closings, gains and losses on the company's equity and warrant portfolio, and write-downs on investments in technology venture capital funds. Also excluded are goodwill amortization and reimbursements of out-of-pocket expenses. A full reconciliation of actual and pro forma results is provided on company website, www.heidrick.com.

Outlook

Second Quarter 2003

- Expected revenue range of \$75-85 million
 - Corresponding results would range from a loss per share of \$0.10 to diluted earnings per share of \$0.07, excluding special items

Outlook

Second Quarter 2003

- Expected revenue range of \$75-85 million
 - Corresponding results would range from a loss per share of \$0.10 to diluted earnings per share of \$0.07, excluding special items

Strong Balance Sheet

- Cash flow positive in 2002 despite significant restructuring activity
- Ended first quarter of 2003 with \$79 million cash and no debt
- Expect \$80-85 million cash at end of second quarter of 2003

Strong Balance Sheet

- Cash flow positive in 2002 despite significant restructuring activity
- Ended first quarter of 2003 with \$79 million cash and no debt
- Expect \$80-85 million cash at end of second quarter of 2003

Strategic Initiatives

- Expand aggressively our share of seniorlevel search, supported by our capabilities in complementary leadership services
- Build broader, deeper client relationships
- Attract and retain the best consultants
- Improve profitability and cash flow

Strategic Initiatives

- · Expand aggressively our share of senior-level search, supported by our capabilities in complementary leadership services
- Build broader, deeper client relationships
- · Attract and retain the best consultants
- Improve profitability and cash flow

This Is A Growth Business

- The past four years have been aberrations
 - 1999 and 2000 saw hyper-growth
 - 2001 and 2002 saw severe contraction
- 1993-1998 CAGR was 24%
- Double-digit growth rates should return when the economy improves
- · Fundamentals remain strong

This Is A Growth Business

- · The past four years have been aberrations
 - 1999 and 2000 saw hyper-growth
 - 2001 and 2002 saw severe contraction
- 1993-1998 CAGR was 24%
- Double-digit growth rates should return when the economy improves
- Fundamentals remain strong

Fundamentals Are Strong

- · Shortage of management talent
- Higher-caliber talent is aspirant and mobile
- Executive management tenures are at an all time low
- Focus on corporate governance will create opportunities
- Cash compensation of placements will continue to rise

Fundamentals Are Strong

- · Shortage of management talent
- · Higher-caliber talent is aspirant and mobile
- Executive management tenures are at an all time low
- · Focus on corporate governance will create opportunities
- Cash compensation of placements will continue to rise

Summary

Strengths

- Premier brand name in executive search
- Unparalleled group of consultants
- Outstanding client base
- Strongest balance sheet in the sector

Goals

- Capitalize on our strengths
- Improve margins and cash flow
- Continue to invest in people and initiatives

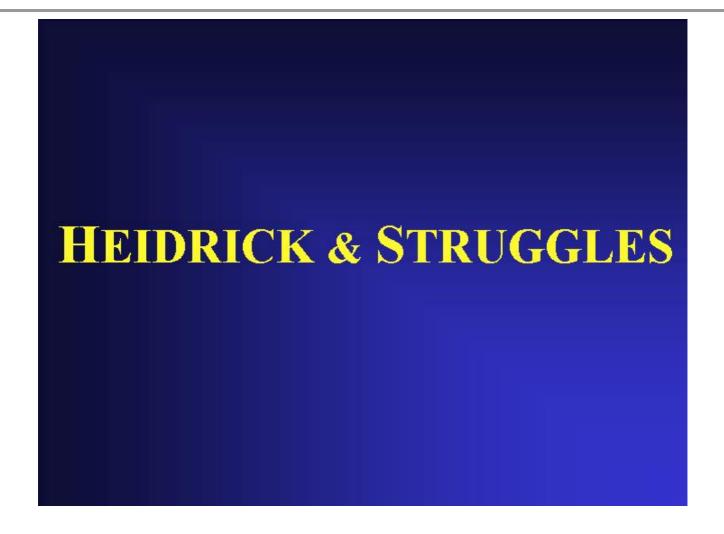
Summary

Strengths

- · Premier brand name in executive search
- Unparalleled group of consultants
- Outstanding client base
- Strongest balance sheet in the sector

Goals

- Capitalize on our strengths
- · Improve margins and cash flow
- Continue to invest in people and initiatives



HEIDRICK & STRUGGLES

Reconciliation of Pro Forma Results

The following is a reconciliation of the company's actual and pro forma financial information.

The pro forma financial information is included because the company believes that it more accurately reflects its core operations.

Reconciliation of Pro Forma Results

The following is a reconciliation of the company's actual and pro forma financial information.

The pro forma financial information is included because the company believes that it more accurately reflects its core operations.

Heidrick & Struggler International, Inc. Conrollidated Statements of Operations (In thousands, escept per share data)

	-				TIT	ee Montin	Brided	March 31,				
	_			2003					3	2002		
		Actual	Adj	ustments	Pr	o forma		Actual	Adj	utmente	Pro	torma .
Revenue:												
Reuenne berbre reim binrsements (net reuenne)	\$	77,311	\$	9.50	\$	77,311	\$	91,723	\$	- 5	\$	91,723
Reimborsements (1)	_	5,665	9	(5,665)		3743	_	6,483		6,483)		
Total reue i ile		82,976		(5,665)		77,311		98,206		6,483)		91,723
Operating expenses:												
Salaries and employee benefits		54,150		(¥		54,150		68,897		9		68,897
General and administratue expenses		22,562		0.70		22,562		27,813		55		27 /8 13
Reimbursed expenses (1)		5,665		(5,665)		94		6,483		6,483)		-
Severance and office consolidation charges (2)	<u> </u>	5,500	į.	(5,500)	}_	30.50	(20)	23,169		(23,169)		-
Total operating expenses	_	हा हा र		(11,165)	ś_	76,712	-	126,362		(29,652)		96,710
Operating income (bss)		(4,901)		5,500		599		(28,156)		23,169		(£,987)
Non-operating income (espense):												
late rest lacome		492		(¥)		492		528		9		528
Interestexpense		(75)		0.50		(37)		(51)				(51)
Netrealized and unrealized gains (losses) on equity												
and warrant portfolio (3)		227		(227)		3350		143		(143)		1,70
Other, set	_	(822)	1	-	8	(822)	_	251				251
Net non-operating Income (expense)		(140)		(227)		(367)		871		(113)		7 28
income (loss) before income tases		€Д41)		5,273		232		(27,285)		23 1126		(4,259)
Provision for (benefit from) income takes (4)	-	1,696		(1,601)	Ĺ	95		(9,550)		8 д59		(1,491)
NetIncome (low)	\$	6,737)	\$	6,874	\$	137	\$	(17,735)	\$	14,967	\$	2,769)
Baild earnings (loss) per common share	\$	(0.37)			\$	0.01	\$	(0.98)			\$	(D. 15)
Baild weighted a verage common litare cout standing	•	18,157			•	18,157		18,050				18 050
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share	\$	(0.37)			\$	0.01	\$	(0.98)			\$	(0.15)
Diluted weighted a verage common inare i out itanding		18,157				18,593		18,050				18,050
Salaries and employee benests margin		700%				700%		75.1%				75.1%
General and administrative espense margin		292%				292%		30.3%				30.3%
Effective tax rate		300				410%		35.0%				35.0%

Heidrick & Struggles International, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Operations (In thousands, except per share data)

Three Months Ended March 31,

			2003				2002		
	Actual	Adj	ustments	Pro forma	Actual	Ad	justments	Pı	o forma
Revenue:									
Revenue before reimbursements (net revenue)	\$77,311	\$	_	\$ 77,311	\$ 91,723	\$	_	\$	91,723
Reimbursements (1)	5,665	Ψ	(5,665)	Ψ 77,511 —	6,483	Ψ	(6,483)	Ψ	51,725
remousemens (1)			(5,005)		0,405		(0,405)		
Total revenue	82,976		(5,665)	77,311	98,206		(6,483)		91,723
Operating expenses:	· ·			<i>'</i>	· ·				1
Salaries and employee benefits	54,150		_	54,150	68,897		_		68,897
General and administrative expenses	22,562		_	22,562	27,813		_		27,813
Reimbursed expenses (1)	5,665		(5,665)	_	6,483		(6,483)		_
Severance and office consolidation charges (2)	5,500		(5,500)	_	23,169		(23,169)		_
0 ()									
Total operating expenses	87,877		(11,165)	76,712	126,362		(29,652)		96,710
				-					
Operating income (loss)	(4,901)		5,500	599	(28,156)		23,169		(4,987)
Non-operating income (expense):									
Interest income	492		_	492	528		_		528
Interest expense	(37)		_	(37)	(51)		_		(51)
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on equity and warrant portfolio (3)	227		(227)	_	143		(143)		—
Other, net	(822)		_	(822)	251		_		251
Net non-operating income (expense)	(140)		(227)	(367)	871		(143)		728
Income (loss) before income taxes	(5,041)		5,273	232	(27,285)		23,026		(4,259)
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes (4)	1,696		(1,601)	95	(9,550)		8,059		(1,491)
11043500 101 (benefit from) meome taxes (4)			(1,001)		(3,330)		0,000		(1,431)
Net income (loss)	\$ (6,737)	\$	6,874	\$ 137	\$ (17,735)	\$	14,967	\$	(2,768)
Basic earnings (loss) per common share	\$ (0.37)			\$ 0.01	\$ (0.98)			\$	(0.15)
Basic earnings (loss) per common shares outstanding	18.157			18,157	18,050			Ф	18,050
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share	\$ (0.37)			\$ 0.01	\$ (0.98)			\$	(0.15)
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	18,157			18,593	18,050			Ф	18,050
Salaries and employee benefits margin	70.0%			70.0%	75.1%				75.1%
General and administrative expense margin	29.2%			29.2%	30.3%				30.3%
Effective tax rate	29.270			41.0%	35.0%				35.0%
DIRCUYC UA TURC				41.070	33.070				33.070

Notes - Q1 2003 vs. Q1 2002:

- (1) Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 01-14, "Income Statement Characterization of Reimbursements Received for 'Out-of-Pocket' Expenses Incurred," (EITF 01-14) establishes that reimbursements received for certain out-of-pocket expenses should be reported as revenue. Historically, the Company classified reimbursements of out-of-pocket expenses as a reduction of operating expenses. The Company adopted this guidance in 2002. The pro forma results exclude the impact of adopting EITF 01-14.
- (2) In October 2002, October 2001 and June 2001 the Company announced reductions in its workforce and the consolidation and closing of offices and as a result recorded severance and office consolidation charges of \$48.5 million and \$53.2 million in 2002 and 2001, respectively. Of the charges recorded in 2002 and 2001, \$26.0 million and \$28.1 million, respectively, relate to the consolidation and closing of offices.

In the first quarter of 2003, the Company recorded an additional \$5.5 million of severance and office consolidation charges related to unused office space. By segment, the charges recorded in the 2003 first quarter are \$0.4 million in North America and \$5.1 million in Europe.

In the first quarter of 2002, the Company recorded \$23.2 million of severance and office consolidation charges related to reductions in its workforce and the consolidation and closing of offices. The 2002 first quarter charges include \$10.4 million of severance and other employee-related costs and \$12.8 million related to the consolidation and closing of offices. By segment, the charges recorded in the first quarter of 2002 are as follows: North America \$13.3 million, Latin America \$0.1 million, Europe \$7.0 million, Asia Pacific \$0.3 million and Corporate \$2.5 million.

The pro forma results exclude the impact of these charges.

Notes - Q1 2003 vs. Q1 2002:

- (1) Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 01-14, "Income Statement Characterization of Reimbursements Received for 'Out-of-Pocket' Expenses Incurred," (EITF 01-14) establishes that reimbursements received for certain out-of-pocket expenses should be reported as revenue. Historically, the Company classified reimbursements of out-of-pocket expenses as a reduction of operating expenses. The Company adopted this guidance in 2002. The pro forma results exclude the impact of adopting EITF 01-14.
- 2) In October 2002, October 2001 and June 2001 the Company announced reductions in its workforce and the consolidation and closing of offices and as a result recorded severance and office consolidation charges of \$48.5 million and \$53.2 million in 2002 and 2001, respectively. Of the charges recorded in 2002 and 2001, \$26.0 million and \$28.1 million, respectively, relate to the consolidation and closing of offices.

In the first quarter of 2003, the Company recorded an additional \$5.5 million of severance and office consolidation charges related to unused office space. By segment, the charges recorded in the 2003 first quarter are \$0.4 million in North America and \$5.1 million in Europe.

In the first quarter of 2002, the Company recorded \$23.2 million of severance and office consolidation charges related to reductions in its workforce and the consolidation and closing of offices. The 2002 first quarter charges include \$10.4 million of severance and other employee-related costs and \$12.8 million related to the consolidation and closing of offices. By segment, the charges recorded in the first quarter of 2002 are as follows: North America \$13.3 million, Latin America \$0.1 million, Europe \$7.0 million, Asia Pacific \$0.3 million and Corporate \$2.5 million.

The pro forma results exclude the impact of these charges.

Notes - Q1 2003 vs. Q1 2002:

(3) The Company receives warrants for equity securities in its client companies, in addition to its cash fee, for services rendered on some searches. The warrants are recorded at fair value, net of consultants' bonuses.

Some of the warrants meet the definition of a derivative instrument under SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," and its subsequent amendments. In accordance with SFAS No. 133, changes in the fair value of the derivative instruments are recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Other warrants received and which do not meet the definition of a derivative under SFAS No. 133 are regularly reviewed for declines in fair value.

Upon a value event such as an initial public offering or an acquisition, the equity securities arising from the exercise of the warrants are monetized, resulting in a realized gain, net of consultants' bonuses and other costs.

In the first quarter of 2003, the Company recorded realized gains of \$0.3 million and unrealized losses of \$0.1 million, net of consultants' bonuses and other costs.

In the first quarter of 2002, the Company recorded an unrealized gain of \$0.1 million, net of consultants' bonuses and other costs.

The pro forms results exclude the impact of the net realized and unrealized gains (losses) related to the equity and warrant portfolio.

(4) The Company's tax provision for the first quarter of 2003 includes an adjustment to deferred tax assets of \$3.1 million related to the excess of expense for accounting purposes over the related deduction for tax purposes that occurred upon the vesting of restricted stock units in the first quarter of 2003. The proforma tax rate excludes the impact of this adjustment as well as the impact of severance and office consolidation charges and other items which are adjusted for proforma purposes.

Notes - Q1 2003 vs. Q1 2002:

(3) The Company receives warrants for equity securities in its client companies, in addition to its cash fee, for services rendered on some searches. The warrants are recorded at fair value, net of consultants' bonuses.

Some of the warrants meet the definition of a derivative instrument under SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," and its subsequent amendments. In accordance with SFAS No. 133, changes in the fair value of the derivative instruments are recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Other warrants received and which do not meet the definition of a derivative under SFAS No. 133 are regularly reviewed for declines in fair value.

Upon a value event such as an initial public offering or an acquisition, the equity securities arising from the exercise of the warrants are monetized, resulting in a realized gain, net of consultants' bonuses and other costs.

In the first quarter of 2003, the Company recorded realized gains of \$0.3 million and unrealized losses of \$0.1 million, net of consultants' bonuses and other costs.

In the first quarter of 2002, the Company recorded an unrealized gain of \$0.1 million, net of consultants' bonuses and other costs.

The pro forma results exclude the impact of the net realized and unrealized gains (losses) related to the equity and warrant portfolio.

(4) The Company's tax provision for the first quarter of 2003 includes an adjustment to deferred tax assets of \$3.1 million related to the excess of expense for accounting purposes over the related deduction for tax purposes that occurred upon the vesting of restricted stock units in the first quarter of 2003. The proforma tax rate excludes the impact of this adjustment as well as the impact of severance and office consolidation charges and other items which are adjusted for proforma purposes.

Heidrick & Struccier International, Inc. Conrolldated Statements of Operations (In thousands, escept per share data)

				TW	el ve	Months Br	ded C	ecember:	31,			
	3		-3	2002		783	et:		<i>\\\</i>	2001		- 3
	Act	IBI	Adj	utmentu	Pn	o forma	5.2	Actual	Adj	ustments	R	o forma
Revenue: Revenue before a imbugements (jet revenue) Reimburgements (j Trial guenne	2	0,712 6,133 6,845	\$	26,133) 26,133)		350,712 	\$	455,534 32,065 487,599	\$	- (32,065) (32,065)	\$	ණන - ණන(
10		0,040		40,100)		· · · · · · ·		40,700		(many		*~~~
Operating expenses: Salaries and employee beverits General and administrative expenses: (2) Reinforced expenses: (f)	Ð	2,390 6,913 6,133		- - (26,133)		242,330 106,913		302,792 157,404 32,065		- (2,468) (32,066)		302,792 154,936
Severance and office consolidation charges (5)		8.532		(48,532)				53.230		(53,230)		
Total operating expenses		3,908		(14,665)	3 - 3	349,243		545,491		(87,763)		457,728
Operating Income (bss)	6.	7,053)	è	48,532		1,469		67 7992)		55,698		(2,194)
Non-operating Income (expense):						90505		100000 BI				166 A 1832
Interest Income	(3)	2,018		35		2Д18		5,523		- 5		5,523
Interest expense	55	(210)		-		(210)		(166)		9800		(166)
Net realized and unrealized gains (bases) on equity and warrant portfolio (4)		1,326)		1,325		- 3		(2015,6)		3,703		-
Wiffe-down of big-ferm huestheit (5)		5, 000)		5,000		100		(14,760)		14,760		1000000 S
Offer, net	¥——	43	-		-	(73)	+	617)				(517)
Netwon-operating Income (expense)	9	(1,50)		6,325		1,735		(13,623)		18,463		4,840
income (io ss) before income tases and cumulative effect of accounting change	6	1,653)		54,857		3,204		(1,515)		74,161		2,646
Pro Majori for (benefit from)Income taken (6)	0	1,691)		13,814		2,323	0.2	24,094)		27,721		3,627
Netlincome (loss) before cumulative effect of												
accounting drange	(4	0,162)		41,043		881		(47,421)		46,440		(981)
Communities effect of accounting change (f)		200000 84		932		<u> </u>		4,494		(4,494)		
Netincome (loss)	\$ (4	0,162)	\$	11,043	\$	881	<u>.</u> \$	(42,927)	\$	41,946	\$	(981)
Bank earnings (loss) per common stare	5	Q 22)			\$	oos	\$	(2.28)			5	മമട
Balic weighted average common litrare i outstanding		8.107				18.107	Ψ	18,839			Ψ	18,839
Diulad earnings (loss) per common stare	35	(222)			\$	0.05	\$	25,552.3			5	(0.05
Diluted weighted average common strare coutstanding	1	8,107			•	18,961	•	18,839				18,839
Salarie sand employee benefits margin	-	69.1%				69.1%		66.5%				66.5%
General and administrative expense margin	- 3	30.5%				30.5%		34.6%				34.0%
Effective tax rate		22.2%				72.5%		33.7%				137.1%

Heidrick & Struggles International, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Operations (In thousands, except per share data)

Twelve Months Ended December 31,

	Twelve Months Ended December 31,					
	2002			2001		
	Actual	Adjustments	Pro forma	Actual	Adjustments	Pro forma
Revenue:						
Revenue before reimbursements (net revenue)	\$350,712	\$ —	\$350,712	\$455,534	\$ —	\$455,534
Reimbursements (1)	26,133	(26,133)		32,065	(32,065)	
Total revenue	376,845	(26,133)	350,712	487,599	(32,065)	455,534
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and employee benefits	242,330	_	242,330	302,792	_	302,792
General and administrative expenses (2)	106,913	_	106,913	157,404	(2,468)	154,936
Reimbursed expenses (1)	26,133	(26,133)	_	32,065	(32,065)	_
Severance and office consolidation charges (3)	48,532	(48,532)		53,230	(53,230)	
Total operating expenses	423,908	(74,665)	349,243	545,491	(87,763)	457,728
Operating income (loss)	(47,063)	48,532	1,469	(57,892)	55,698	(2,194)
Non-operating income (expense):	(47,003)	40,552	1,405	(37,032)	33,030	(2,134)
Interest income	2,018	_	2,018	5,523	_	5,523
Interest expense	(210)	_	(210)	(166)	_	(166)
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on equity and warrant portfolio (4)	(1,325)	1,325	_	(3,703)	3,703	(100) —
Write-down of long-term investment (5)	(5,000)	5,000	_	(14,760)	14,760	_
Other, net	(73)	_	(73)	(517)	_	(517)
Net non-operating income (expense)	(4,590)	6,325	1,735	(13,623)	18,463	4,840
Income (loss) before income taxes and cumulative effect of accounting change	(51,653)	54,857	3,204	(71,515)	74,161	2,646
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes (6)	(11,491)	13,814	2,323	(24,094)	27,721	3,627
Net income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change	(40,162)	41,043	881	(47,421)	46,440	(981)
Cumulative effect of accounting change (7)				4,494	(4,494)	
Net income (loss)	\$ (40,162)	\$ 41,043	\$ 881	\$ (42,927)	\$ 41,946	\$ (981)
			-			-
Basic earnings (loss) per common share	\$ (2.22)		\$ 0.05	\$ (2.28)		\$ (0.05)
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	18,107		18,107	18,839		18,839
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share	\$ (2.22)		\$ 0.05	\$ (2.28)		\$ (0.05)
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	18,107		18,961	18,839		18,839
Salaries and employee benefits margin	69.1%		69.1%	66.5%		66.5%
General and administrative expense margin	30.5%		30.5%	34.6%		34.0%
Effective tax rate	22.2%		72.5%	33.7%		137.1%

- (1) In November 2001, the Emerging Issues Task Force reached a consensus on Issue No. 01-14, "Income Statement Characterization of Reimbursements Received for 'Out-of-Pocket' Expenses Incurred" (EITF 01-14). EITF 01-14 establishes that reimbursements received for certain out-of-pocket expenses should be reported as revenue. Historically, the Company classified reimbursements of out-of-pocket expenses as a reduction of operating expenses. The Company adopted this guidance in 2002. The pro-forma results exclude the impact of adopting EITF 01-14.
- (2) On January 1, 2002, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets". Under the new rule, goodwill is no longer amortized.

The pro forma consolidated results for the twelve months ended December 31, 2001 exclude \$2.5 million of goodwill amortization. On a segment basis, the pro forma consolidated operating results exclude goodwill amortization of \$0.8 million in North America, \$0.6 million in Europe, \$0.1 million in Asia Pacific and \$1.0 million in Corporate.

Notes - 2002 vs. 2001:

- (1) In November 2001, the Emerging Issues Task Force reached a consensus on Issue No. 01-14, "Income Statement Characterization of Reimbursements Received for 'Out-of-Pocket' Expenses Incurred" (EITF 01-14). EITF 01-14 establishes that reimbursements received for certain out-of-pocket expenses should be reported as revenue. Historically, the Company classified reimbursements of out-of-pocket expenses as a reduction of operating expenses. The Company adopted this guidance in 2002. The pro forma results exclude the impact of adopting EITF 01-14.
- (2) On January 1, 2002, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets". Under the new rule, goodwill is no longer amortized.

The pro forma consolidated results for the twelve months ended December 31, 2001 exclude \$2.5 million of goodwill amortization. On a segment basis, the pro forma consolidated operating results exclude goodwill amortization of \$0.8 million in North America, \$0.6 million in Europe, \$0.1 million in Asia Pacific and \$1.0 million in Corporate.

(3) In October 2002, October 2001, and June 2001, the Company announced cost reduction initiatives to better align costs with expected revenue levels.

In October 2002, the Company announced reductions in its workforce and the consolidation and closing of offices, and as a result recorded a severance and office consolidation charge of \$25.4 million in the fourth quarter of 2002. These actions affected 236 employees, including 61 executive and management search consultants. The remaining employees were search and corporate support staff. Approximately 20% of the reduction was in North America, 66% in Europe and the rest in Latin America, Asia Pacific and Corporate. These charges include severance and other employee-related costs of \$12.2 million, \$10.6 million of costs relating to the consolidation and closing of offices and \$2.6 million of goodwill and intangible asset write-offs. By segment, the charges recorded in the 2002 fourth quarter are as follows: North America \$6.4 million, Europe \$17.7 million, Latin America \$0.5 million, Asia Pacific \$0.4 million and Corporate \$0.4 million.

In October 2001, the Company announced reductions in its workforce, the consolidation and closing of offices, and the settlement of the former CEO's contract upon his retirement. These initiatives, which were completed during the 2002 first quarter, affected 486 employees, including 118 executive and management search consultants. The remaining employees were search and corporate support staff. Approximately 55% of the reduction was in North America, 35% was in Europe, and the rest in Latin America and Asia Pacific. The reduction impacted all practices. As a result of these actions, the Company recorded \$42.8 million of severance and office consolidation charges in the 2001 fourth quarter. These charges include severance and other employee-related costs of \$15.0 million, of which \$7.8 million relates to the settlement of the former CEO's contract upon his retirement, and \$27.1 million of costs relating to the consolidation and closing of offices. The remainder of the charge, \$0.7 million, is primarily for other cash expenses recorded as a result of the announced initiatives. By segment, the charges recorded in the 2001 fourth quarter are as follows: North America \$19.5 million, Europe \$14.2 million, Asia Pacific \$0.4 million, and Corporate \$8.7 million. In addition, the Company recorded severance and office consolidation charges of \$23.2 million in the 2002 first quarter related to these announced initiatives. The 2002 first quarter charges include severance and other employee-related costs of \$10.4 million and \$12.8 million related to the consolidation and closing of offices. By segment, the charges recorded in the first quarter of 2002 are as follows: North America \$13.3 million, Latin America \$0.1 million, Europe \$7.0 million, Asia Pacific \$0.3 million and Corporate \$2.5 million.

In June 2001, the Company announced a reduction of its workforce and as a result recorded severance and office consolidation charges of \$8.2 million and \$2.3 million during the 2001 second and third quarters, respectively, for severance and other related costs. As of September 30, 2001, the Company notified 300 employees that they would be part of the reduction in workforce, most of whom were in the core Executive Search business, including 69 consultants. The remaining employees were support staff in Executive Search, LeadersOnline and in the corporate departments. Nearly two-thirds of the reduction was in North America, 24% in Europe, and the rest in Latin America and Asia Pacific.

The pro forma results exclude the impact of these charges.

Notes - 2002 vs. 2001:

(3) In October 2002, October 2001, and June 2001, the Company announced cost reduction initiatives to better align costs with expected revenue levels.

In October 2002, the Company announced reductions in its workforce and the consolidation and closing of offices, and as a result recorded a severance and office consolidation charge of \$25.4 million in the fourth quarter of 2002. These actions affected 236 employees, including 61 executive and management search consultants. The remaining employees were search and corporate support staff. Approximately 20% of the reduction was in North America, 66% in Europe and the rest in Latin America, Asia Pacific and Corporate. These charges include severance and other employee-related costs of \$12.2 million, \$10.6 million of costs relating to the consolidation and closing of offices and \$2.6 million of goodwill and intangible asset write-offs. By segment, the charges recorded in the 2002 fourth quarter are as follows: North America \$6.4 million, Europe \$17.7 million, Latin America \$0.5 million, Asia Pacific \$0.4 million and Corporate \$0.4 million.

In October 2001, the Company announced reductions in its workforce, the consolidation and closing of offices, and the settlement of the former CEO's contract upon his retirement. These initiatives, which were completed during the 2002 first quarter, affected 486 employees, including 118 executive and management search consultants. The remaining employees were search and corporate support staff. Approximately 55% of the reduction was in North America, 35% was in Europe, and the rest in Latin America and Asia Pacific. The reduction impacted all practices. As a result of these actions, the Company recorded \$42.8 million of severance and office consolidation charges in the 2001 fourth quarter. These charges include severance and other employee-related costs of \$15.0 million, of which \$7.8 million relates to the settlement of the former CEO's contract upon his retirement, and \$27.1 million of costs relating to the consolidation and closing of offices. The remainder of the charge, \$0.7 million, is primarily for other cash expenses recorded as a result of the announced initiatives. By segment, the charges recorded in the 2001 fourth quarter are as follows: North America \$19.5 million, Europe \$14.2 million, Asia Pacific \$0.4 million, and Corporate \$8.7 million. In addition, the Company recorded severance and office consolidation charges of \$23.2 million in the 2002 first quarter related to these announced initiatives. The 2002 first quarter charges include severance and other employee-related costs of \$10.4 million and \$12.8 million related to the consolidation and closing of offices. By segment, the charges recorded in the first quarter of 2002 are as follows: North America \$13.3 million, Latin America \$0.1 million, Europe \$7.0 million, Asia Pacific \$0.3 million and Corporate \$2.5 million.

In June 2001, the Company announced a reduction of its workforce and as a result recorded severance and office consolidation charges of \$8.2 million and \$2.3 million during the 2001 second and third quarters, respectively, for severance and other related costs. As of September 30, 2001, the Company notified 300 employees that they would be part of the reduction in workforce, most of whom were in the core Executive Search business, including 69 consultants. The remaining employees were support staff in Executive Search, LeadersOnline and in the corporate departments. Nearly two-thirds of the reduction was in North America, 24% in Europe, and the rest in Latin America and Asia Pacific.

The pro forma results exclude the impact of these charges.

(4) The Company receives warrants for equity securities in its client companies, in addition to its cash fee, for services rendered on some searches. Some of the warrants meet the definition of a derivative instrument under SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," and its subsequent amendments. The warrants are recorded at fair value, net of consultants' bonuses. In accordance with SFAS No. 133, changes in the fair value of the derivative instruments are recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Each quarter's results of operations are affected by the fluctuations in the fair value of these derivative instruments. Upon a value event such as an initial public offering or an acquisition, the equity securities arising from the exercise of the warrant are monetized, resulting in a realized gain, net of consultants' bonuses and other costs.

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2002 the Company recorded realized gains of \$1.6 million and unrealized losses of \$3.0 million, net of consultants' bonuses and other costs.

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2001 the Company recorded realized gains of \$1.0 million and unrealized losses of \$4.7 million, net of consultants' bonuses and other costs.

The pro forma results exclude the impact of the realized and unrealized gains (losses) related to the equity and warrant portfolio.

(5) During the second quarter of 2002, the Company wrote down its remaining investment in ETF Group, incurring a non-cash charge of \$5.0 million. ETF Group is a Europe-based venture capital firm that helps emerging companies expand into international markets. In the fourth quarter of 2001, the Company wrote down half of its \$10.0 million investment in ETF Group, because its portfolio of companies had been adversely affected by the downturn in the valuation of technology start-ups. In the third quarter of 2001, the Company wrote down its remaining investment in Silicon Valley Internet Capital due to the economy's impact on Internet infrastructure start-up companies. The write-down resulted in a non-cash charge of \$9.8 million.

The pro forma results exclude the impact of these write-downs.

Notes - 2002 vs. 2001:

(4) The Company receives warrants for equity securities in its client companies, in addition to its cash fee, for services rendered on some searches. Some of the warrants meet the definition of a derivative instrument under SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," and its subsequent amendments. The warrants are recorded at fair value, net of consultants' bonuses. In accordance with SFAS No. 133, changes in the fair value of the derivative instruments are recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Each quarter's results of operations are affected by the fluctuations in the fair value of these derivative instruments. Upon a value event such as an initial public offering or an acquisition, the equity securities arising from the exercise of the warrant are monetized, resulting in a realized gain, net of consultants' bonuses and other costs.

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2002 the Company recorded realized gains of \$1.6 million and unrealized losses of \$3.0 million, net of consultants' bonuses and other costs.

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2001 the Company recorded realized gains of \$1.0 million and unrealized losses of \$4.7 million, net of consultants' bonuses and other costs.

The pro forma results exclude the impact of the realized and unrealized gains (losses) related to the equity and warrant portfolio.

(5) During the second quarter of 2002, the Company wrote down its remaining investment in ETF Group, incurring a non-cash charge of \$5.0 million. ETF Group is a Europe-based venture capital firm that helps emerging companies expand into international markets. In the fourth quarter of 2001, the Company wrote down half of its \$10.0 million investment in ETF Group, because its portfolio of companies had been adversely affected by the downturn in the valuation of technology start-ups. In the third quarter of 2001, the Company wrote down its remaining investment in Silicon Valley Internet Capital due to the economy's impact on Internet infrastructure start-up companies. The write-down resulted in a non-cash charge of \$9.8 million.

The pro forma results exclude the impact of these write-downs.

- (6) The effective tax rate of 22.2% for the year ended December 31, 2002 reflects valuation allowances for foreign tax credits and other tax related allowances. The pro-forma tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2002 excludes the impact of these items and the impact of severance and office consolidation charges and other items which are adjusted for pro-forma purposes.
 - The effective tax rate is 33.7% for the year ended December 31, 2001. The pro-forma effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2001 excludes the impact of severance and office consolidation charges and other items which are adjusted for pro-forma purposes.
- (7) As a result of the adoption of SFAS No. 133, the Company recorded, as a cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle, a transition adjustment of \$4.5 million, net of consultants' bonuses and other costs, and taxes. The pro forma results for the twelve months ended December 31, 2001 exclude the impact of this change in accounting principle.

Notes - 2002 vs. 2001:

- (6) The effective tax rate of 22.2% for the year ended December 31, 2002 reflects valuation allowances for foreign tax credits and other tax related allowances. The pro forma tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2002 excludes the impact of these items and the impact of severance and office consolidation charges and other items which are adjusted for pro forma purposes.
 - The effective tax rate is 33.7% for the year ended December 31, 2001. The pro forma effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2001 excludes the impact of severance and office consolidation charges and other items which are adjusted for pro forma purposes.
- (7) As a result of the adoption of SFAS No. 133, the Company recorded, as a cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle, a transition adjustment of \$4.5 million, net of consultants' bonuses and other costs, and taxes. The pro forma results for the twelve months ended December 31, 2001 exclude the impact of this change in accounting principle.